VISION CONCERNS (School Age)

The process of receiving vision services begins when there are concerns about a child's vision. The following is a list of the ABC's of vision problems. If a student is experiencing difficulties using their vision, the first step is to take the student to an optometrist or ophthalmologist to determine the cause, receive a visual diagnosis, approximate visual acuity, and determine if the student needs to be referred for school based vision services.

APPEARANCE	
	One or both eyes turn inward or outward, or one is slightly higher or lower than the other
	eye Crusty or red eyelids or red eyes Eyes that are in constant, rapid motion Drooping eyelid(s) Pupils of different sizes, or different reactions to light and accommodations Glands that are enlarged, inflamed, or otherwise infected Excessive tearing, light sensitivity, lid spasms
BEHAVIOR	
	Lack of or reduced eye contact Shows poor eye muscle coordination Covers or closes one eye for critical seeing Thrusts head forward to see distance objects Tilts head to one side for critical seeing Tries to "brush away" a blur Rubs eyes often or blinks often while reading or looking at books Frowns or squints when looking at a or trying to see distance objects Stumbles often over objects, is awkward Holds book, toy, or picture too close or too far away
COMPLAINTS	
	Sensitivity to light Burning or itching of eyes or eyelids Seeing double, or blurred vision Headaches, usually after a critical visual task Nausea or dizziness
SCHOOL RELATED	
	Difficulty copying from the board Difficulty with handwriting Confuses similar words Needs more light to read than expected Reading comprehension deteriorates with time Doesn't read to the end of a sentence before going to the next Head moves instead of eyes when reading or looking at pictures Loses place when reading and skips lines Needs to use finger as a line marker Difficulty solving maze puzzles and word searches
	Math errors due to misalignment of numbers